Transition to Clean Energy in Bangladesh



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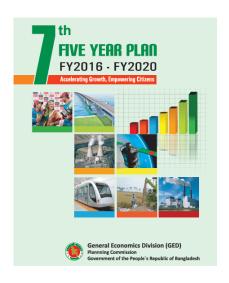
Expert on Energy, Environment and Climate Change

And

Ex- Additional Secretary and Memeber
Sustainable and Renewable Energy Development Authority (SREDA)
Ministry of Power, Energy and Mineral Resources
Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh

Clean Energy transition



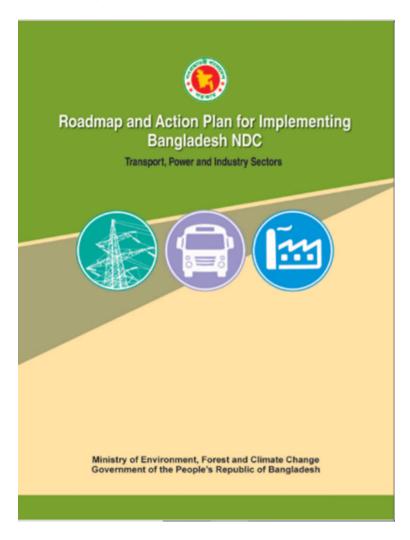




Government's Vision

Make Electricity available for all by 2021 Transform Bangladesh into a 'Middle Income Country' by 2021 Emergence of Bangladesh as 'Developed Country' by 2041

Bangladesh's NDC – a summary



Key points

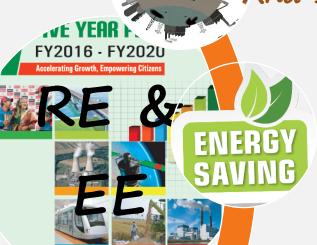
- Bangladesh is a highly climate vulnerable country with less than 0.35% of global GHG emissions.
- The main focus of Bangladesh's activities is on adaptation increasing resilience to the impacts of climate change.
- Bangladesh committed to reduce GHG emissions in the power, industry and transport sectors by 5% (12 MtCO2e) 'unconditionally' below "business-as-usual" GHG emissions by 2030, or by a "conditional" 15% (36 MtCO2e) below "business-as-usual" GHG emissions within 2030 if sufficient and appropriate support is received from developed countries
- Bangladesh therefore wants to play its part in global collective action to reduce GHG emissions.
- Set out proposals for governance and coordination of NDC implementation and key next steps.
- Described Bangladesh's support needs, with some examples of indicative costs of taking action on mitigation and adaptation.

Clean Energy transition

Targets



RE Policy 2008: Generate 10% electricity from RE by 2020 And 15% by 2030



EE&C Master Plan 2015: Reduce 15% energy intensity/GDP by 2021 and 20% by 2030



Concessional Financing for Industrial EE Equipment

- Concessional Financing for Labeled Appliances
- Green financing for EE

Standards

- Standardization of Equipment
- EE&C Rules
- Energy Audit Regulations
- Net metering Guideline
- Energy Labeling Regulation for Regulation and Electric Appliances
 - Building Energy Efficiency & Environmental Ratting

Financing

Incentives

Capacity Development

- Training on Energy Audit
- Certify Energy Auditors and Managers
- Training on Net Metering
- Training for solar EPC
- Skill development program on EE equipment & appliances

Approach

Duty free import facility

- Best consumer Award
- Tax waver/ Reduced rate of tax
- Allow additional floor space for BEEER rated buildings

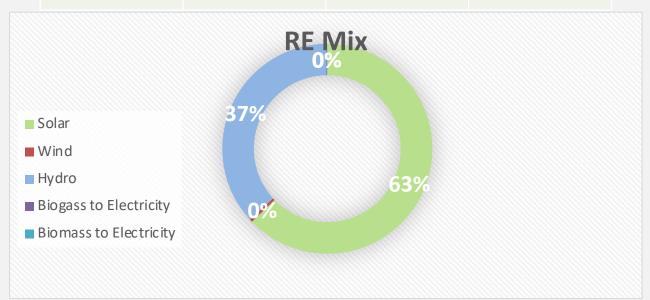
Awareness

- Seminar and Workshops
- Schooling Programme
- Advertisement on print, electronic & Social media
- Exhibitions of RE and EE products

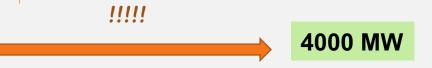


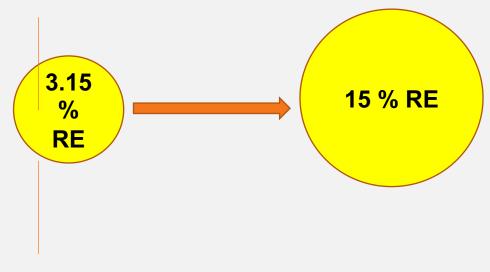
Present Renewable Energy Generation (upto Dec 2019)

Technology	On-grid (MW)	Off-grid (MW)	Total (MW)
Solar	80.92	312.97	393.89
Wind	0.9	2.00	2.9
Hydro	230	00	230
Biogas to Electricity	00	0.63	0.63
Biomass to Electricity	00	0.4	0.4
Total	311.82	316	627.82









Upcoming RE Project

SI.	Technology	Projects under construction	Capacity (MW)
1.	Solar	Utility scale grid tie solar project at Manikgonj	35
2.		Utility scale grid tie solar project at Mymansing, Khulna	50
3.		2000 solar irrigation system	30
4.		Grid tie rooftop solar under net-metering policy	54
<i>5</i> .	Off grid solar projects		25
6.	Wind	Utility scale grid tie wind project at Muhuri, Feni	30
7.		Utility scale grid tie wind project at Dakop, Khulna	50
	Total		274

Upcoming RE projects

SI.	Technology	Project in pipeline	Capacity (MW)
1.	Solar	Utility Scale grid tie project	700
2.		Grid tie rooftop solar project	75
3.		Off grid solar project	25
4.	Wind	Utility scale grid tie project	120
<i>5</i> .		Off grid wind project	5
	Total		905



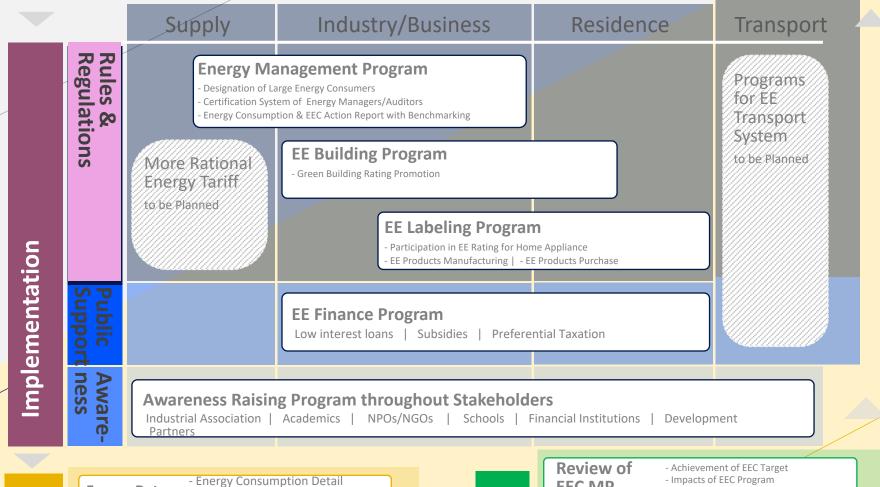
Efficient Use of Energy





2030: 20% Improvement of Primary Energy Consumption per GDP

2021: 15% of the same above (Baseline as of FY2013/14)



Review

Energy Data - Progress of EEC Activities - Benchmarking Collection - Penetration Ratio of EE Appliances **EEC Market** Research

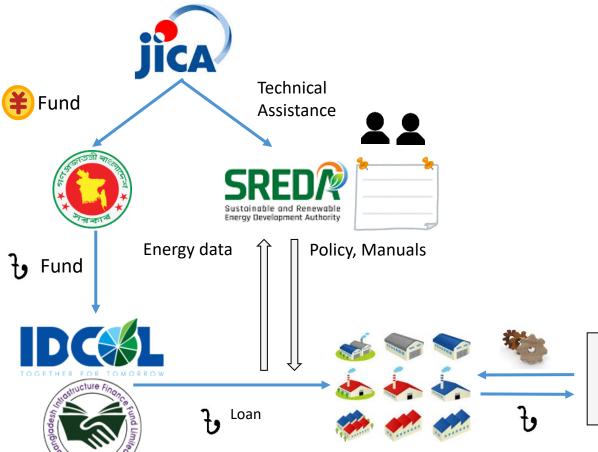
- Price Elasticity for Customers



EEC MP

- Periodical Revise of EEC MP
- **Capacity** Development
- Achievement of EEC Target
- Impacts of EEC Program
- Periodical Revise of EEC MP

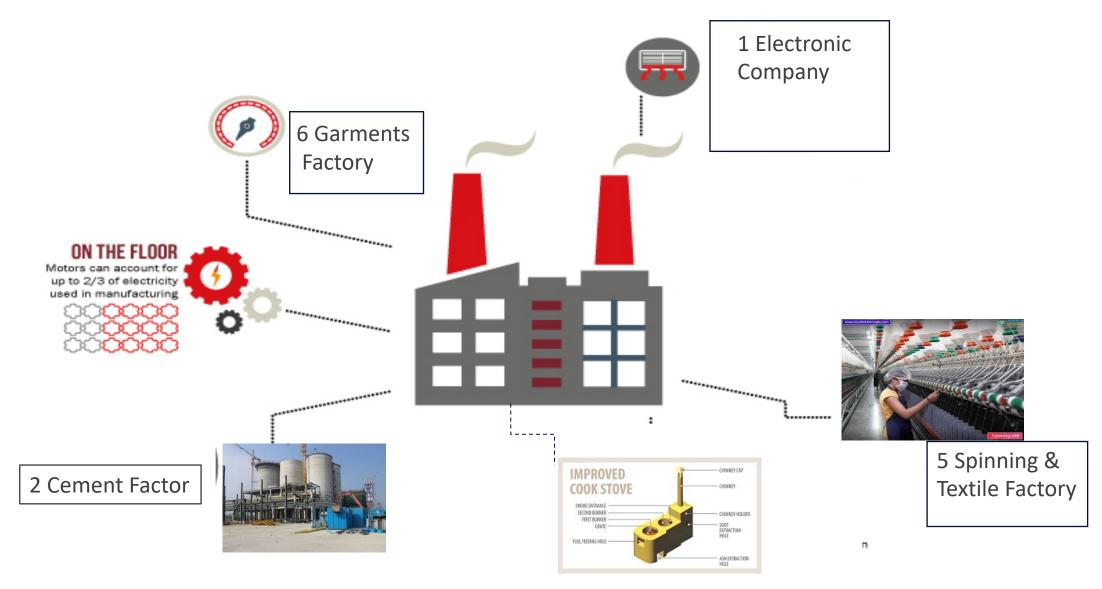
EE&C Financing Project



- Total loan amount: about USD 300 million
- Number of NOC issued: 13
- Amount committed: about USD 103 million
- Expected annual energy saving: 12,373 toe
- CO2 reduction: 25,983 t-CO2
- Power generation capacity relief: 18.6 MW

Energy Efficient Equipment Supplier

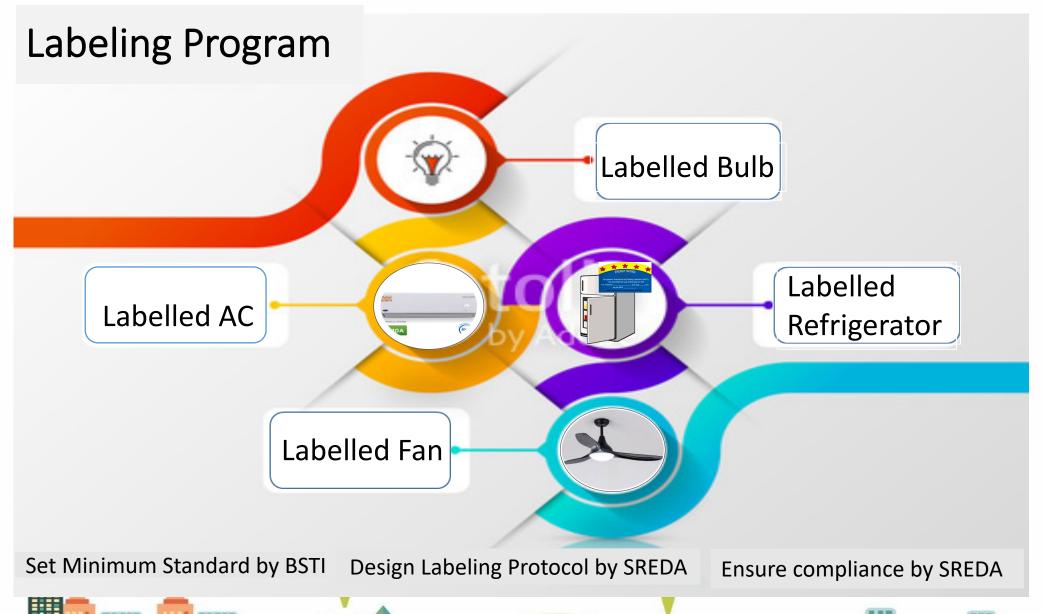
EE & C Financing to Industries



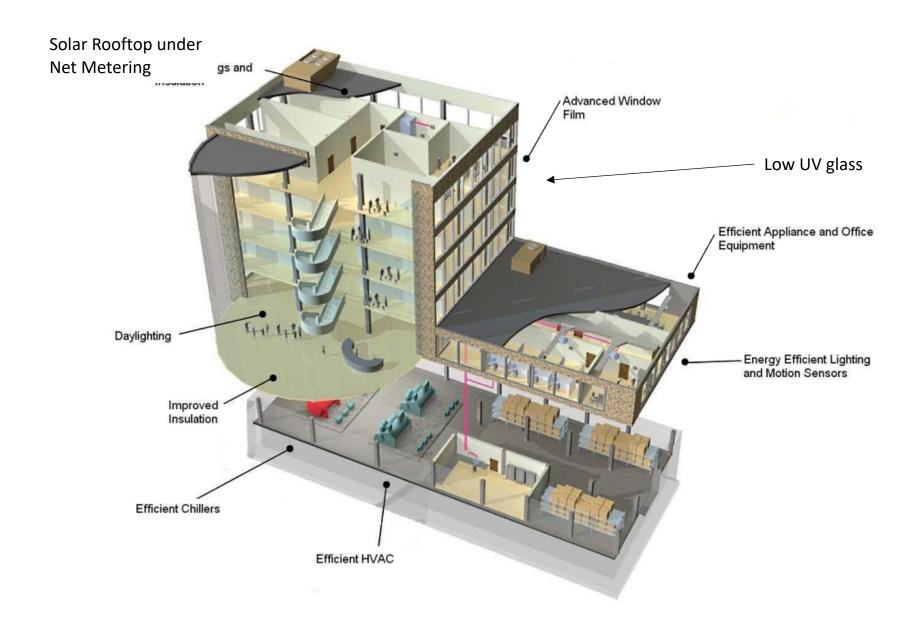
7 million achieved by Dec 2019





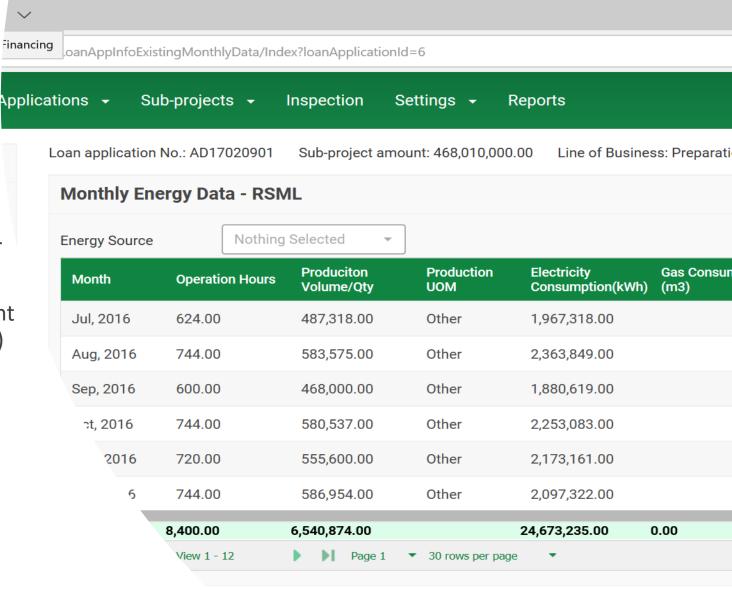


Bangladesh Energy Efficiecy and Environmental Ratting (BEEER)



Energy Data Requirements

 Sub-project owners are requested to provide energy related data through cloud-environment Project management information system (MIS) which is accessible from your PC.



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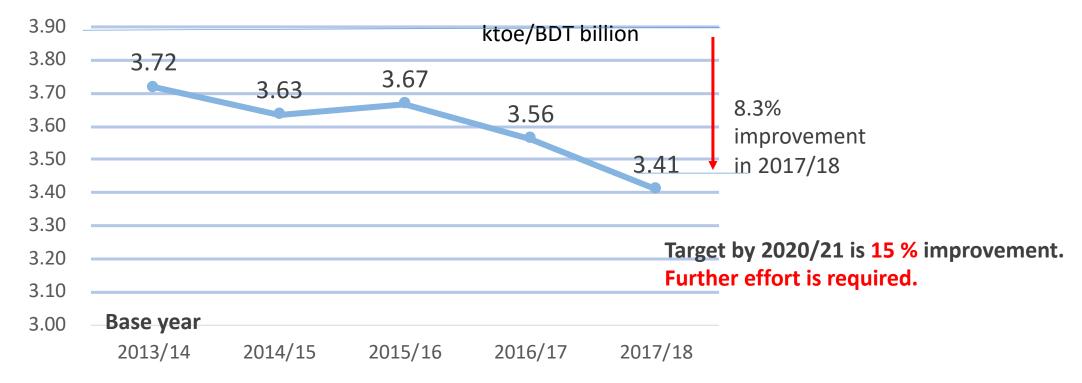
Business Coalition

- More than 25 companies have signed up to become a member of the newly established "EE&C Business Coalition".
- The Coalition is an autonomous association of industries who will join their forces and share good practices for promoting EE&C.
- The Coalition will also become a major interface between industries and the Government.



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National Energy Intensity (TPES/GDP) Trend



Note: National Energy Intensity = TPES / GDP

Note: Non-tradable biomass (domestic firewood, etc) is excluded while tradable renewable energy (solar, bioethanol, etc. are included)

Source: (1) TPES: SREDA compilation from Hydrocarbon Unit (natural gas, coal), BPC (oil & petroleum), LPG association (LPG) data

(2) GDP (constant 2010): Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics



