

# The Global Alliance for Clean Cookstoves will create a thriving market for clean cookstoves and fuels.

### **PROBLEM**

Every day,
3 BILLION
PEOPLE
(500 million households)
rely on solid fuels to
power their rudimentary
stoves

- 4,300,000 deaths annually
- Wasted productivity
- Climate, forestry & other environmental degradation
- 21% of global black carbon emissions
- Health & economic burdens that disproportionately impact women & girls





#### MISSION

- SAVE LIVES
- IMPROVE LIVELIHOODS
- EMPOWER WOMEN
- PROTECT THE ENVIRONMENT



#### GOAL



100
MILLION
HOUSEHOLDS
ADOPT CLEAN AND
EFFICIENT
COOKSTOVES &
FUELS BY 2020



## Clean Cooking Directly Supports Achievement of 10 SDGs



Clean cooking is part of basic services necessary to lead a healthy and productive life and saves households time and money.



Clean cooking is essential to addressing energy poverty and ensuring sustainable energy security for billions of people.



Efficient cookstoves reduce the amount of fuel needed to cook, thus reducing the burden on families who would otherwise have to collect it, buy it, or trade their food for it. Emissions of short-lived climate pollutants from inefficient cooking also hamper agricultural productivity.



Energy access enables enhanced productivity and inclusive economic growth. The clean cooking sector offers many job opportunities.



Reducing smoke emissions from cooking decreases the burden of disease associated with household air pollution and improves well-being, especially for women and children.



Clean cooking addresses household and ambient air pollution, resource efficiency, and climate vulnerability.



Children, particularly girls, are often kept out of school so that they can contribute to household tasks, like cooking and collecting fuel.



Up to 25% of black carbon emissions come from burning solid fuels for household energy needs. Clean cooking solutions address the most basic needs of the poor, while also delivering climate benefits.



Unpaid work, including collecting fuel and inefficient cooking, remain a major cause of gender inequality.



Up to 34% of woodfuel harvested is unsustainable, contributing to forest degradation, deforestation, and climate change.

And contributes to an enabling environment for achieving the entire Agenda 2030.

# The Alliance now has more than 1800 partners actively supporting and growing the sector.

Donor Countries Canada Denmark

**Finland** 

Germany Ireland Malta Netherlands Norway Spain

Sweden
United Kingdom

**United States** 

Private Sector & NGO





CATERPILLAR FOUNDATION CATERPILLAR





Baker & M¢Kenzie





**UN & MFI** 

















National Partners

Afghanistan
Bangladesh
Burkina Faso
Cambodia
Central African Rep.

China
Colombia
Côte d'Ivoire
El Salvador
Ethiopia

France
Ghana
Guatemala
Honduras
Indonesia
Italy

Kenya Laos Lesotho Liberia Malawi

Mexico Mongolia Nepal Nicaragua

Niger

Nigeria
Peru
Poland
Rwanda
South Africa

Sri Lanka
South Korea
Tanzania
Uganda
Vietnam

## Current State of Cookstove Technology

Performance	Subtier 0 Subtier 1		Subtier 2 Subtier 3		Subtier 4		
PM2.5 (mg/min)	/min) >40 17-40		8-17	2-8	0-2		
PM2.5 (μg/m	³) >600	6-300	300-100	100-35		<35	
Stoves	TSF Tradi	tional Rocke Natural I		Gasifiers/TLUDs Forced Draft	LPG	So	ar
Models	Chulhas	Bondu Chula	Shakti Chula	Life Cook Stove	Mimi Moto	LPG	SolSource

Performance by tech is along a continuum and can vary widely within type

**Processed Biomass** 

- renormance by rectris diorig a commodificand can vary widely will in type
- Forced draft stoves are generally cleaner than natural draft stoves
- User factors (ease-of-use, familiarity, etc.) affect adoption and thus impact
- Access and availability challenges must be overcome

**Unprocessed Biomass** 



Clean Fuels

**Fuels** 

## Fuels Landscape



### Increased processing and infrastructure requirements

- As with technology, performance by fuel type is along a continuum and cán vary widely within a type
- Processed biomass is generally cleaner than unprocessed biomass
- Optimal performance requires proper use and the right fuel

## Our market based approach is built on three pillars

### Strengthen Supply

Innovation

Capacity Building

Financing

Inclusive Value Chain



#### **Enhance Demand**

**Awareness** 

Accessibility



Affordability

#### **Enable Env**

Standards &

**Testing** 

Research

Advocacy & Policy





## LPG: Challenges and Solutions for Scale up

## **Availability and Accessibility**

- Explore different models to strengthen last mile distribution
- Provision of lighter, safer and different cylinder sizes

## **Affordability**

- Targeted subsidy for low income households
- Revolving fund for cylinder refills
- Pay as you go options

#### **Awareness**

Behavior change communication





# Improved Biomass Cookstoves: Challenges and Solutions for Scale up

## **Enabling Policy and Institutional Environment**

 Stronger focus on technology development, stricter quality standards, nurturing the ecosystem

## **Transition to Pellet/Tier 4 Cookstoves**

- Innovative locally manufactured stoves & pellets
- Accredited standards testing labs
- Faster and detailed stove test reports
- Product labelling and warranty
- Improve affordability through carbon credits, other consumer financing models
- Consumer awareness and behavior change communication



## **Electricity: Challenges and Solutions for Scale up**

- Improve reliability and quality of electricity supply
- Enhance energy efficiency of induction stoves
- Augment capacity of infrastructure for electrification, manage peak loads
- Consumer awareness & behavior change communication
- Improve affordability of stove and power



## Solar: Challenges and Solutions for Scale up

- Economics becoming attractive with technology costs coming down (panel and battery storage)
- Provides opportunity to leapfrog to electric cooking
- Greater investment in R& D for solar for cooking
- Test viable business models
- Ecosystem building manufacture, O &M, finance

